

INVESTING TODAY FOR PROSPERITY TOMORROW

THIRD QUARTERLY ACCOUNTS
(UN-AUDITED)
FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Mr. Abdul Samad Dawood - Chairman

Ms. Sabrina Dawood - Director

Mr. Muhammed Amin - Independent Director

Mr. Isfandiyar Shaheen - Independent Director

Mr. Shafiq Ahmed - Director

Mr. Sikander Hazir - Director

Mr. Kamran Hanif Jangda - Director & CFO

Mr. Muhammad Bilal Ahmed – Chief Executive Officer

Board Audit Committee

Mr. Muhammed Amin - Chairman

Mr. Isfandiyar Shaheen - Member

Mr. Shafiq Ahmed - Member

Board HR & Remuneration Committee

Mr. Isfandiyar Shaheen - Chairman

Mr. Abdul Samad Dawood - Member

Ms. Sabrina Dawood - Member

Board Investment Committee

Mr. Abdul Samad Dawood - Chairman

Mr. Muhammed Amin - Member

Mr. Isfandiyar Shaheen - Member

Company Secretary

Mr. Khwaja Osama Musharraf

Bankers

Bank Al Habib Limited Habib Bank Limited MCB Bank Limited Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited United Bank Limited

Auditors

A.F. Ferguson & Co. (Chartered Accountants) State Life Building 1-C, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi. Website: www.pwc.com/pk

Tax Consultants

A.F. Ferguson & Co. (Chartered Accountants)
State Life Building 1-C,
I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.
Website: www.pwc.com/pk

Share Registrar/Transfer Agent

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Legal Advisors

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Rating Agency

JCR – VIS Credit Rating Agency VIS House, 128/C, 25th Lane Off Khayaban-e-Ittehad, Phase VII, DHA, Karachi

Registered Office

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Website: www.cyanlimited.com

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Environment We Operated In

The first quarter of FY2026 unfolded in a challenging yet cautiously optimistic environment, shaped by proactive security operations, severe climate-related disruptions, and global economic volatility. The launch of new military operations across multiple regions reflected decisive national efforts to restore stability across the western corridor.

Simultaneously, the 2025 monsoon season unleashed severe flooding across Punjab, Sindh, KP, and Balochistan disrupting infrastructure, crippling agriculture, and displacing thousands. The scale of damage once again highlighted the economy's acute vulnerability to climate shocks and the urgent need for climate-resilient infrastructure.

Despite these headwinds, the macroeconomic narrative held firm, with green shoots visible in the real economy. Large-Scale Manufacturing (LSM) posted an impressive 9% year-on-year (YoY) growth in July 2025, driven by strong gains in cement, textiles, and automobiles, signalling a revival in industrial confidence. However, this momentum tapered off later in the quarter as flood-induced disruptions and softening demand in affected regions began to weigh on activity.

Inflation remained subdued through August 2025, with headline CPI at 3%. However, September 2025 saw a notable increase to 5.1% YoY and a 2% month-on-month (MoM) rise, primarily driven by elevated food prices, supply chain disruptions, and the lingering effects of flood-related crop damage. The inflation outlook remains contingent on seasonal food supply stabilization and administrative measures to curb speculative pricing.

The State Bank of Pakistan maintained a consistent monetary policy stance throughout the quarter, focusing on macroeconomic stability. Although earlier data suggested the possibility of easing, the rise in inflation toward the end of the quarter has likely postponed any immediate policy changes.

The rupee held firm, backed by stable remittances, but the return of current account deficits (US\$594 million in 1Q) raises concerns amid rising import needs linked to flood recovery. Fiscal conditions remain tight, with post-flood spending pressures and underperformance in tax base expansion limiting fiscal space. The burden continues to fall heavily on the formal sector despite earlier reform efforts.

Overall, while FY2026 began with formidable shocks from climate to security, the economy has shown resilience through industrial recovery, stable monetary policy, and a contained currency. Going forward, sustaining this momentum will require urgent progress on climate adaptation, tax reform, and external account stabilization to secure a more inclusive and durable growth path.

Our Portfolio

Equities

We are pleased to report another strong nine-month performance for your portfolio, which delivered a return of 58.1%, significantly outperforming the KSE-100 index return of 43.7%. The investment themes we built the portfolio around continued to deliver robust returns, further reinforcing our conviction in this strategy.

Our top holdings in the banking sector remained key value drivers, with UBL leading the way as one of the best-performing stocks in the listed space. From its call on riding the yield curve to its swift deposit mobilization, UBL has positioned itself well to navigate the lower-rate environment effectively.

Our E&P sector investment (OGDC) largely remained intact despite their underperformance versus the broader index. We believe that the company will remain beneficiary of continued energy sector reforms. While the government has been slow to execute many of these reforms, their eventual impact is expected to be significant. The next milestone for the company is their investment in the Reko Dig project.

We continue to hold our position in Systems Limited, Pakistan's leading IT company, which remains a standout value driver. With its dollarized revenue model, Systems is among the few Pakistani firms offering USD-based cashflows. However, the rapid development of Artificial Intelligence-based solutions is bringing uncertainty to the future landscape of IT-related services, such as those rendered by Systems Limited. Such developments can bring both tailwinds or headwinds, depending on the pace and nature of adoption. We remain cautiously optimistic about this business and will continue to monitor developments as they materialize.

We have exited our position in Image Pakistan Limited, reflecting a strategic shift from our previous focus on the fast-growing fashion sector. This experience highlighted a critical insight: the fashion industry is highly dynamic and capital-intensive, requiring continuous reinvestment to maintain competitiveness. Consequently, we are repositioning our portfolio towards businesses with more resilient and sustainable earnings profiles. Our focus is now on long-term growth compounders where underlying fundamentals are stronger and offer greater scalability.

What Does the Future Look Like?

The passage of the FY2026 Federal Budget marks a key milestone in Pakistan's economic reset. Coming on the heels of a volatile quarter - Iran-Israel war - the budget reinforces the government's commitment to stabilization. However, fiscal space remains tight, and the real test lies in implementation. The IMF's emphasis on revenue mobilization is clear, but with the tax burden still disproportionately falling on the formal sector, broadening the tax base without stifling business confidence remains a major challenge.

Privatization of State-Owned Enterprises (SOEs) remains a litmus test for structural reform. Meaningful progress here could ease the fiscal burden and unlock long-term efficiency gains. Encouragingly, both Fitch and S&P upgraded Pakistan's credit rating to 'B-' with a stable outlook, reflecting growing confidence in the reform agenda. This is expected to lower borrowing costs and attract more foreign capital at a time when global conditions remain turbulent.

The PKR held steady through the quarter, backed by a 11% yoy jump in remittances in 1QFY26 the re-emergence of current account deficits in recent months signals vulnerability, particularly with rising import needs tied to flood recovery. The State Bank of Pakistan has held a cautious monetary stance, but policy space could shrink if inflation surprises on the upside or global financial conditions tighten.

While financial markets have responded positively to the above developments (KSE-100 index rose by 32% in 1QFY26), real economic momentum remains uneven. The critical task ahead will be to translate macro-level stability into broad-based, sustainable growth. For this, a decisive shift toward structural reforms - particularly in taxation, governance, and institutional resilience - will be essential to unlocking the country's long-term potential.

We believe that your portfolio is well suited to benefit from these developments.

Proposed Amalgamation

During the year, the Board of Directors continued to evaluate opportunities aimed at achieving operational and structural efficiencies. In this context, the Board has granted an in-principle approval for a proposed amalgamation of the Company with its associates, namely Dawood Lawrencepur Limited and DH Partners Limited, through a court-sanctioned Scheme of Arrangement under Sections 279 to 283 of the Companies Act, 2017.

The proposed amalgamation is intended to streamline the investment structure, strengthen its balance sheet, and unlock enhanced shareholder value by consolidating investment holdings, simplifying governance frameworks, and optimizing capital allocation. The transaction is also expected to generate administrative and regulatory cost efficiencies, broaden the shareholder base, and enhance overall market visibility.

The proposal remains subject to final approval of the respective Boards and shareholders of the entities concerned, as well as receipt of requisite corporate, regulatory, and third-party approvals and the sanction of the High Court.

Financial Performance

During the period, the Company recorded an Investment Income of PKR 643 million, marking an increase of 150% compared to PKR 257 million for the same period last year.

The Profit After Tax (PAT) for the period stood at PKR 508 million, compared to PKR 206 million for the corresponding period of the previous year.

Earnings Per Share (EPS)

The Earnings Per Share (EPS) for the period amounted to PKR 8.25, compared to PKR 3.34 in the same period last year.

Acknowledgment

The Directors express their gratitude to all our shareholders for their confidence and support in the Company to steward their capital. We would also like to thank all stakeholders, including the Government, regulators, market players, and especially financial institutions, for their cooperation. We assure them of our continued commitment to safeguarding their respective interests. We would also like to thank the management and employees for their sincere contributions toward the growth and prosperity of the Company.

Muhammed Amin	Muhammad Bilal Ahmed
Director	Chief Executive Officer

Karachi

Dated: October 28, 2025

بچیت ممکن ہو سکے گی ، شیئر ہولڈر بنیا دوسیع تر ہو سکے گی اور مجموعی طور سے مارکیٹ میں حصہ بھی بڑھ سکے گا۔

یتجویز متعلقہ اداروں کے بورڈ زاورشیئر ہولڈرز کی جانب سے حتمی منظوری سے مشروط ہونے کے ساتھ ساتھ مطلوبہ کارپوریٹ، قانونی اورتھرڈ پارٹی کی جانب سے منظوری اور ہائی کورٹ کی جانب سے اجازت کی محتاج بھی ہے۔

مالياتى كاركردگى

زیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران کمپی نے 643 ملین روپے کی سر مایہ کاری آمدنی حاصل کی جوگزشتہ برس کی اسی مدت کے دوران ہونے والی 257 ملین روپے کی آمدنی سے 150% زیادہ ہے۔

زیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران 508 ملین روپے کا بعدازٹیکس منافع حاصل ہوا جوگز شتہ برس کی اسی مدت کے دوران 206 ملین روپے رہاتھا۔

فی شیئر کمائی

زىر جائزەمدت مىں كىپنى كى فى شيئر كمائى (EPS)8.25 روپے رہى جوگزشتە برس كى اسى مدت كے دوران 3.34 روپے فى شيئر رہى تھى۔

اظهارتشكر

کمپنی کے ڈائر بکٹرزا پنے تمام شیئر ہولڈرز کے تہددل سے مشکور ہیں کہ انہوں نے اپنے سر ماییسنجا لئے کے لئے کمپنی پر بھر پوراعتا داور حمایت کیا۔ ہم اپنے تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز بشمول حکومت، ضابطہ کاروں، مارکیٹ کو چلانے والوں اور خاص طور سے مالیاتی اداروں کو بھی تہنیت پیش کرتے ہیں کہ انہوں نے تعاون اور اعانت جاری رکھی۔ ہم انہیں یقین دلاتے ہیں کہ ہم ان کے متعلقہ مفاوات کا بھر پور تحفظ کرتے رہیں گے۔ کمپنی کی ترقی اور خوش حالی کے لئے جاں فشانی سے کام کرنے پرہم اپنی انتظامی ٹیم اور ملاز مین کی کاوشوں کے بھی تہد دل سے مشکور ہیں۔

محدامین محمد بلال احمد و ایز یکٹر و ایز یکٹر

28ا كتوبر 2025ء

مستقبل كامنظركيسا هوكا

مالی سال 2026ء کے وفاقی بجٹ کا منظور کیا جانا معیشت کی سدھار کی جانب حکومت کے لئے اہم سنگ میل ہے۔ ایران اسرائیل جھڑپ کے تناظر میں پیش کیا جانیوالا بجٹ اقتصادی استحکام کے حکومتی عہد کا اعادہ کرتا ہے۔ تاہم مالیاتی مشکلات بدستور موجود ہیں اور اصلاحات کا نفاذ اور ان پڑمل درآ مدموجودہ حکومت کی آزمائش ہے۔ آمدنی کے وسائل میں ردوبدل پر آئی ایم ایف کا دباؤ واضح ہے لیکن ٹیکسوں کا بوجھ غیر موزوں طور سے بدستور رسمی سیٹر کواٹھا نا پڑر ہا ہے لہذا کا روباری اعتاد میں خلل ڈالے بغیر ٹیکسوں کی بنیاد میں توسیع حکومت کے لئے ایک بڑا چیلنج ہے۔

سرکاری ملکیت میں چلائے جانے والے اداروں کی نج کاری اصلاحات کی رفتار بدستورا ہم امتحان ہے۔اس سمت میں معنی خیز اقد امات حکومت پر مالیاتی ہو جھ میں کمی لا سکتے ہیں اورطویل مدت میں ان اداروں کو اہل اور قابل بھی بنا سکتے ہیں۔حوصلہ افزاء بات میہ ہے کہ Fitch دونوں اداروں نے پاکستان کی کریڈٹ ریٹنگ بڑھا کر -B کردی ہے اور معشیت کو شکام بتایا ہے جو حکومت کے اصلاحات والے عہد پر بڑھتے ہوئے اعتاد کو ظاہر کرتا ہے۔اس سے توقع ہو چلی ہے کہ قرضے لینے کی لاگتوں میں کمی آئے گی اور ایسے وقت میں مزید عالمی سر مایہ کاروں کو راغب کرے گی جب عالمی صورت حال تغیر کا شکار ہے۔

پوری سہ ماہی کے دوران پاکستانی روپے کی قدر میں استحکام رہاجس کی وجہ سال بہسال بنیا دوں پر بیرون ملک سے موصول ہو نیوالی ترسیلات میں سال 2026ء کی پہلی سہ ماہی میں گا۔ کا اضافہ تھالیکن حالیہ مہینوں میں کرنٹ اکاونٹ کے خسارے کا بڑھ جانا نازک اقتصادی صورتحال کی جانب اشارہ ہے خصوصاً اس صورت میں جب ملک میں سیلاب آنے کے سبب درآ مدی اخراجات میں اضافہ ہور ہاہے۔اسیٹ بینک آف پاکستان نے مختاط مالیاتی اقد امات برقر اررکھے ہیں کئی میں اضافہ ہونے یا عالمی معاشی حالات میں نگی آنے سے یا لیسی میں بھی شختی آسکتی ہے۔

اگر چەدرج بالاحالات میں مالیاتی مارکیٹوں نے مثبت رویے کا اظہار کیا ہے (2026ء کی پہلی سے ماہی میں KSE-100 انڈیکس میں %32 کا اضافہ ہوا)
لیکن حقیقی اقتصادی رفتار تاحال ناہموار ہے۔ میکروسطیر آنے والے استحکام کو وسیع البنیاد، پائیدار ترقی میں تبدیل کرنا ہی اہم ترین ذمہ داری رہے گی۔اس کے
لئے خاص طور سے ٹیکس کاری ،طرز حکومت اور ادارہ جاتی کچک پیدا کرنے میں فیصلہ کن تبدیلی ناگزیر ہو چکی ہے تا کہ طویل مدت میں ملک کی صلاحیتوں سے
فائدہ اٹھا با جاسکے۔

ہم یقین رکھتے ہیں کہآپ کا پورٹ فولیوان پیش رفتوں سے فائدہ اٹھانے کے لئے پوری طرح تیار ہے۔

(Amalgamation) مجوزه انضمام

دوران سال بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کاروبار کو چلانے اور ساخت یا ڈھانچ میں بہتری لانے کے مواقع کا جائزہ لینا جاری رکھا۔اس تناظر میں بورڈ نے کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017ء کی دفعہ 279 تا 283 کے تحت عدالت سے منظور کی جانے والی اسکیم آف آرینجمنٹ کے ذریعے کمپنی کی اپنی ایسوسی ایٹ کمپنیوں یعنی داؤدلارنس پورلمیٹڈ اورڈی ایچ پارٹنز لمیٹڈ کے ساتھ مجوزہ انضام کی اصولی منظوری دے دی ہے۔

مجوزہ انضام کا مقصد سرمایہ کاری کی ساخت میں ہمواری پیدا کرنا، بیلنس شیٹ کومضبوط کرنا، اور سرمایہ کاری ملکتوں کومنظم کر کے شیئرز کی قدر میں اضافہ کرنا، انتظامی ساختوں کوسہل بنانا اور سرمائے کو بہتر انداز سے کام میں لانا ہے۔توقع ہے کہ اس اقدام سے انتظامی اور قانونی لاگتوں میں بھی بحالی، شکم زرّی پالیسی، اور شکم کرنسی کے ذریعے سے اپنی ابھرنے کی صلاحیت کا مظاہرہ کیا ہے۔ آئندہ بیر فقار قائم رکھنے کے لئے فوری طور سے ماحولیات میں بہتری لانے والی پالیسیاں اپنانا، ٹیکسوں کے ڈھانچے میں اصلاحات کرنا اور بیرونی کھاتے کو مشکم کرنا ناگزیر ہے تا کہ مزید جامع اور پائیدارتر قی کے راستے پرگامزن ہواجا سکے۔

ہماراپورٹ فولیو ایکویٹیز

ہمیں آپ کے پورٹ فولیو کی ایک اور مضبوط نو ماہ کی کارکردگی کی رپورٹ دیتے ہوئے انتہائی مسرت ہورہی ہے جس نے %58.1 کی آمدنی فراہم کی جو KSE-100 نٹر کیس کی %43.7 کارکردگی سے کافی زیادہ ہے۔ہم نے پورٹ فولیو کیلئے جوسر مایہ کاری کے اصول بنائے ہیں، وہ مضبوط منافع پیدا کرتے رہے جس سے اس حکمت عملی میں ہمارے یقین کوتقویت ملی۔

بینکاری سیٹر میں لگایا گیا سرمایہ ہماری کارکردگی میں بہتری کی سب سے بڑی وجہ رہی۔ یونا یکٹٹر بینک کمیٹیول میں بہترین کارکردگی کا مظاہرہ کررہا ہے۔طویل مدتی بونڈ کی خرید وفروخت اور ڈپازٹ میں اضافے کی حکمت عملی پر بروقت توجہ مرکوز کر کے بیونا یکٹٹر بینک کمیٹٹر نے کم شرح سود والے ماحول میں آگے کی جانب بڑھتے رہنے کے لئے خود کواچھی طرح تیار کرلیا ہے۔

ہماری ای اور پی سیکٹر (OGDC) میں اسٹاک مارکیٹ میں نسبتاً کم ترکارکردگی کے باوجود ہماری زیادہ تر ملکیت برقر ارہے۔ہم یقین رکھتے ہیں کہ توانا نی سیکٹر میں جاری اصلاحات سے یہ کمپنیاں فائدہ اٹھاتی رہیں گی۔اگر چہ حکومت کی جانب سے بہت سے اصلاحات کے نفاذکی رفتارست رہی ہے تا ہم امید ہے کہ ان کے اثر ات بھر پورر ہیں گے۔ان کمپنیوں کا ایک اور سنگ میل ریکوڈک پروجیکٹ میں سرمایہ کاری ہے۔

پاکستان کی ایک معروف آئی ٹی کمپنی سسٹمزلمیٹر میں ہماری انوسٹمنٹ بدستورقائم ہے جو ہماری قدرکاری میں اضافے کا ایک غیر معمولی وسیلہ ہے۔ اس کی آمدنی امریکی ڈالر میں ہونے کے سبب سسٹمزلمیٹر پاکستان کی ان گئی چنی کمپنیوں میں سے ایک ہے جن کی نقدی کے بہاؤامر کی ڈالر میں ہوتے ہیں۔ تاہم مصنوی ذہانت (آٹیفیشیل اظیجنس) پربنی حلوں کی تیزرفیار ترقی سے آئی ٹی سے منسلک ایسی خدمات کے مستقبل پر غیر یقینی کے بادل چھار ہے ہیں جیسی خدمات سسٹمز لمیٹر مہیا کرتی ہوگی یا مخالف۔ ہم لمیٹر مہیا کرتی ہے۔ بدلتے حالات کے مطابق خود کو تبدیل کرنے کی رفتار ہی رپر بدستورنظرر کھے ہوئے ہیں اور آئندہ بھی جاری رکھیں گے۔ اس کاروبار کے بارے میں چوکتے بھی ہیں اور پر امید بھی اور حالات پر بدستورنظرر کھے ہوئے ہیں اور آئندہ بھی جاری رکھیں گے۔

ا آئے پاکستان کمیٹر میں سے ہم نے اپناسر مایہ واپس نکال لیا ہے جو تیزی سے ترقی کرتے فیشن کے شعبہ پر ہماری ماضی کی توجہ کی حکمت عملی میں تبدیلی کو ظاہر کرتا ہے۔ اس تجربے نے ہمیں ایک سبق دیا ہے۔ سبکہ فیشن انڈسٹری انتہائی متنوع اور سرمائے پر مرتکز ہے جسے مسلسل مسابقت برقر اررکھنے کی غرض سے مسلسل سرمائیہ کی ضرورت رہتی ہے۔ یہی وجہ ہے کہ ہم اپنے کاروباروں کی مناسبت سے اپنے پورٹ فولیو کی حیثیت میں ردوبدل کر رہے ہیں اور مزید کی داراور پائیدار آمدنی والے کاروباروں کی جانب تبدیل کررہے ہیں۔ اب ہماری توجہ طویل مدت تک ترقی کرنے والے کاروباروں پر مرکوز ہے جن کے بنیادی اور اہم اصول مضبوط ترہیں اور جو وسیح ترمواقع مہیا کرتے ہیں۔

ڈائز یکٹرز کی رپورٹ

ماحول جس میں ہم نے کام کیا

مالی سال 2026ء کی پہلی سہ ماہی ایک مشکل کیکن مختاط امید افزاء ماحول میں شروع ہوئی جو پیش بند حفاظتی اقد امات، ماحولیات میں شدید خلل اور عالمی اقتصادی اُتار چڑھاؤ سے ہوئی۔ملک کے کئی علاقوں میں فوجی کاراویئوں کا آغاز مغربی سرحدوں پرامن واستحکام لانے کے حکومت کے سنجیدہ فیصلے کامظہرہے۔

اس کے ساتھ ساتھ 2025ء کے مون سون نے پنجاب، سندھ، کے پی کے اور بلوچتان میں شدید سیلا بی صورت حال پیدا کی جس سے انفرااسٹر کچر کو نقصان پہنچا، زرعی سرگرمیاں بری طرح متاثر ہوئیں اور ہزاروں لوگ بے گھر ہوئے۔ وسیع پیانے پر تباہی نے ایک بار پھرواضح کر دیا ہے کہ ماحولیاتی تبدیلیوں سے ہماری معیشت کس قدرمتاثر ہوتی ہے اور ساتھ ہی ماحولیات سے مطابقت رکھنے والے انفرااسٹر کچرکی فوری طور سے تعمیر کی ہماری ضرورت بھی اجاگر کی ہے۔

ان رکاوٹوں کے باوجود ہمارامیکروا کنا مک بیانیہ قائم رہا ہے اور حقیقی اقتصادی میدان میں امید کی کرنیں پھوٹی رہیں۔وسیع پیانے کی مینوفیکچرنگ نے جولائی 2025ء میں سال برسال بنیادوں پر %9 کا متاثر کن اضافہ ظاہر کیا جو سینٹ سازی، ٹیکسٹائلز، اور آٹو موبائل کے شعبوں میں ہونے والے منافعوں کے مرہون منت تھا اور جوصنعتوں پراعتا دبحال ہونے کو ظاہر کرتا ہے۔تاہم بیرفتاراس وقت متاثر ہوئی جب ملک میں سیلا ب نے تباہی مجائی اور متاثرہ علاقوں میں طلب میں کی آئی جس سے تجارتی سرگرمیاں متاثر ہوئیں۔

اگست 2025ء کے دوران مہنگائی قابومیں رہی جس کی مجموعی شرح % 3 رہی۔ تاہم تمبر کے مہینے میں سال بنیاد پر یہ بڑھ کر % 5.1 ہوئی اور ماہ بہماہ بنیاد پر یہ بڑھ کر % 5.1 ہوئی اور ماہ بہماہ بنیاد پر یہ بڑھ کر % 5.1 ہوئی اور ماہ بہماہ بنیاد پر یہ بڑھ کر % 5.1 ہوئی اور ماہ بہماہ بنیاد پر یہ برٹھ کر گان میں بنیاد پر یہ برٹھ کر گان میں بیش بہا اضافہ تھیں۔خوراک کی سپلائی چین کے بحال ہونے اور حکومت کی جانب سے ناجائز منافع خوری رو کئے کے اقد امات اٹھائے جانے تک تو قع کی جاسکتی ہے کہ مہنگائی برقر ارد ہے گی۔

اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان نے پوری سدماہی کے دوران ایک مستقل زر "ی پالیسی پڑمل درآ مدجاری رکھااوراپنی توجہ میکروا کنا مک استحکام پرمرکوزر کھی۔اگر چہ اس سے پہلے کے اعدادو شار سےمحسوس ہوتا تھا کہ اسٹیٹ بینک پالیسی میں نرمی لائے گا تا ہم سدماہی کے اختنا می عرصے میں مہنگائی بڑھ جانے کے سبب ممکنہ طور پرکسی بھی فوری پالیسی تبدیلیوں کوملتوی کردیا ہے۔

بیرون ملک سے ترسیلات زر کے مستقل بہاؤ کے سبب پاکتانی روپیہ پوری سہ ماہی کے دوران مشتکم رہا تا ہم سیلاب سے ہونے والے نقصانات کی بدولت درآ مدات میں اضافے کی ضرورت کے تناظر میں کرنٹ اکاونٹ خسارہ (پہلی سہ ماہی میں 594 ملین امریکی ڈالر) تشویش کا باعث ہے۔ مالی حالات بدستور سخت میں کیونکہ ایک جانب تو سیلاب سے ہونے والے نقصانات سے متاثرین کی بحالی کے اخراجات اور دوسری جانب اس صورت حال میں ٹیکسوں کی آمدنی کی بنیاد میں توسیع میں ناکامی مالی راحت کی فراہمی میں رکاوٹ ہے۔ پہلے گی گئیں اصلاحات کے باوجود یہ بوجھ بدستوررسی سیکٹر کواٹھانا پڑر ہاہے۔

مجموعی طور پر ماحولیات سے لے کرمکی سیکورٹی کولاحق خطرات کے خوفنا کے جھٹکوں کے ساتھ مالی سال 2026ء کی نثر وعات کے بعد یا کستانی معیشت نے صنعتی

CYAN LIMITED

Condensed Interim Financial Statements

FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

ASSETS	Note	(Un-audited) September 30, 2025 (Rupees	(Audited) December 31, 2024 s in '000)
AGGETG			
Non-current assets Property and equipment Intangible asset Long-term investment Long-term deposit Defined benefit asset	6 7	1,567 31 977,362 2,500 456 981,916	1,962 38 779,079 2,500 134 783,713
Current assets Short-term investments Trade and other receivables Advances and short term prepayments Cash and bank balances TOTAL ASSETS	8	1,602,010 2,704 1,769 74,408 1,680,891 2,662,807	1,420,577 2,490 1,100 26,504 1,450,671 2,234,384
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital and reserves Authorised share capital 100,000,000 (2024: 100,000,000) Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each		1,000,000	1,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital Reserves Non-current liabilities Deferred toyotion, not		615,591 1,684,442 2,300,033	615,591 1,352,831 1,968,422
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Taxation - net TOTAL LIABILITIES		209,746 42,775 32,561 77,692 153,028 362,774	52,491 30,143 75,151 157,785 265,962
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		2,662,807	2,234,384
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	9		

The annexed notes from 1 to 16 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UN-AUDITED)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025 (UN-AUDITED)

	,	Quarte	r Ended	Nine Months	Period Ended
	Note	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
Income			(Rupe	es in '000)	
Return on investments Gain / (Loss) on sale of investments - net Other income	10	21,503 13,206 695	25,822 9,021 203	84,253 (36,605) 1,920	83,566 148,127 1,492
Gain on re-measurement of investments classified as financial		35,404	35,046	49,568	233,185
assets at fair value through profit or loss - net		<u>399,454</u> 434,858	<u>26,001</u> 61,047	593,611 643,179	<u>23,647</u> 256,832
		434,030	01,047	043,173	200,002
Expenses Operating and administrative expenses Other expenses - SWWF		(6,687) (8,563)	(8,455)	(21,525) (12,433)	(26,361)
		(15,250)	(8,455)	(33,958)	(26,361)
Profit before taxation and levy		419,608	52,592	609,221	230,471
Levy	11	(2,916)	(3,492)	(11,630)	(11,513)
Profit before taxation		416,692	49,100	597,591	218,958
Taxation	11	(46,386)	(5,074)	(89,986)	(13,094)
Profit after taxation		370,306	44,026	507,605	205,864
Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the period					
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
Gain / (loss) on revaluation of investment carried at fair value through other comprehensive income - net of tax		179,916	(61,923)	131,801	(36,827)
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the period		550,222	(17,897)	639,406	169,037
				(Rupees)	
Basic and diluted earnings per share	12	6.02	0.72	8.25	3.34

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UN-AUDITED)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025 (UN-AUDITED)

	Share capital	Capital	reserves		Revenue reserves			
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up	Reserve for exceptional losses	Capital gain reserve	Unappropri- ated profit	Remeasure -ment on post retirement benefits obligation-n et of tax	Surplus on revaluation of investment carried at FVOCI	Total Reserves	Total
			(1	Rupees in '000)			
Balance as at January 1, 2024	615,591	10,535	2,553	393,720	3,129	513,536	923,473	1,539,064
Total comprehensive income for the period ended September 30, 2024								
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	205,864	-	-	205,864	205,864
Interim dividend @ Rs 4 per share for the year ended December 31, 2024	-	-	-	(246,236)	-	-	(246,236)	(246,236)
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	(36,827)	(36,827)	(36,827)
		-	-	(40,372)		(36,827)	(77,199)	(77,199)
Balance as at September 30, 2024	615,591	10,535	2,553	353,348	3,129	476,709	846,274	1,461,865
Balance as at January 1, 2025	615,591	10,535	2,553	705,168	3,285	631,290	1,352,831	1,968,422
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	507,605	-	-	507,605	507,605
Final dividend @ Re 1 per share for the year ended December 31, 2024	-	-	-	(61,559)	-	-	(61,559)	(61,559)
Interim dividend @ Rs 4 per share for the year ending December 31, 2025	-	-	-	(246,236)	-	-	(246,236)	(246,236)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	- 100.010	-	131,801	131,801	131,801
			-	199,810	-	131,801	331,611	331,611
Balance as at September 30, 2025	615,591	10,535	2,553	904,978	3,285	763,091	1,684,442	2,300,033

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UN-AUDITED)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025 (UN-AUDITED)

	Nine Months Pe	riod Ended
	<u>Septembe</u>	
	2025	2024
	(Rupees i	n '000)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before taxation	597,591	218,958
Adjustment for non cash charges and other items:		
Levy charged for the period	11,630	11,513
Depreciation and amortisation	358	514
Loss / (gain) on sale of investments - net	36,605	(148,127)
Amortisation and interest income on government securities	(3,566)	(2,665)
Surplus on re-measurement of investments	(3,223)	(=,)
classified as financial assets at FVTPL - net	(593,611)	(23,647)
	(548,584)	(162,412)
Cash generated from operations before working capital changes	49,007	56,546
(Increase) / decrease in an archiver accepts		
(Increase) / decrease in operating assets	(2.10)	1.510
Trade and other receivables	(214)	1,543
Advances and short-term prepayments	(669)	27
Decrease in operating liabilities	(883)	1,570
Trade and other payables	(9,654)	(2,509)
Net cash generated from operations	38,470	55,607
Not oddin ganatad mann oparationia	30,470	33,007
Short-term investments purchased and redeemed - net	325,967	202,091
Taxes and levy paid	(12,152)	(13,636)
Gratuity paid	(383)	(25)
Net cash generated from operating activities	351,902	244,037
	301,002	,00.
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	44	-
Long-term investment purchased and redeemed - net	1,335	-
Net cash generated from investing activities	1,379	-
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Dividend paid	(305,377)	(245,167)
Net cash used in financing activities	(305,377)	(245,167)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	47,904	(1,130)
and additional additional and additional addi	71,307	(1,100)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	26,504	4,092
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	74,408	2,962
Ti		

Kamran Hanif

Chief Financial Officer

Muhammad Bilal Ahmed
Chief Executive Officer

The annexed notes from 1 to 16 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Muhammed Amin Director

FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025 (UN-AUDITED)

1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Cyan Limited ("the Company"), a Dawood Group Company, is a public limited company incorporated in Pakistan on April 23, 1960 under the Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Act, 2017). The Company is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. The registered office of the Company is situated at Dawood Centre, Moulvi Tamizuddin Khan Road, Karachi. The Company is a subsidiary of Dawood Corporation (Private) Limited (the Parent Company) which holds 64.7% (December 31, 2024: 64.7%) share capital of the Company.

The Company is engaged in making equity investments in companies with high growth potential.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

2.1 Statement of Compliance

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting which comprise of:

- International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act); and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Act.

Where the provisions of, and directives issued under the Act differ with the requirements of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Act have been followed.

2.2 These condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures made in an annual financial statements and, therefore, should be read in conjunction with the financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024.

2.3 Basis of measurement

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention, except as otherwise stated.

2.4 Functional and presentation currency

These condensed interim financial statements have been presented in Pakistan rupee, which is also the Company's functional currency.

2.5 Changes in standards, interpretations and amendments to accounting and reporting standards

2.5.1 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that became effective in the current period

There are certain amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that have become applicable to the Company effective accounting period beginning on January 1, 2025. These are considered either not to be relevant or do not have any material impact on the Company's financial reporting process and are therefore not detailed in these condensed interim financial statements.

FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025 (UN-AUDITED)

2.5.2 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective

There are certain new standards and amendments that will be applicable to the Company for its annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026. The new standards include IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements: Disclosures with applicability date of July 1, 2027 as per IASB. This standard will become part of the Company's financial reporting framework upon adoption by the SECP. The overall amendments include those made to IFRS 7 and IFRS 9 which clarify the date of recognition and derecognition of a financial asset or financial liability which are applicable effective January 1, 2026. The Company's management at present is in the process of assessing the full impacts of the new standard and the amendments to IFRS 7 and IFRS 9 and is expecting to complete the assessment in due course.

2.6 Comparative information

These condensed interim financial statements include the condensed interim statement of financial position as at September 30, 2025 and the condensed interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the condensed interim statement of changes in equity, the condensed interim statement of cash flows and notes thereto for the nine months period then ended.

The comparative statement of financial position presented in these condensed interim financial statements as at December 31, 2024 has been extracted from the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024. The comparative condensed interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of changes in equity and condensed interim statement of cash flows for the nine months period ended September 30, 2024 have been extracted from the condensed interim financial statements of the Company for the nine months period then ended.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements are consistent as those applied in the preparation of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of these condensed interim financial statements requires the management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts. Actual results may differ from these judgements, estimates, and assumptions.

The accounting estimates and judgments made by the management in the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024.

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The financial risk management objectives and policies adopted by the Company are consistent with those disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024.

FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025 (UN-AUDITED)

		Note	(Un-audited) September 30, 2025	(Audited) December 31, 2024
6.	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT Following is the movement of property and equipment during the period / year:		(Rupees	in '000)
	Opening book value (WDV) Less: Disposals during the period / year (WDV) Less: Depreciation charge for the period / year		1,962 (44) (351) (395) 1,567	2,653 (30) (661) (691) 1,962
7.	LONG-TERM INVESTMENT			
	Investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income Investments carried at amortised cost	7.1 7.2	925,525 51,837 977,362	779,079
7.1	There has been no change in the Company's long term investr	nent carried	at fair value through of	ther comprehensive

- 7.1 There has been no change in the Company's long term investment carried at fair value through other comprehensive income during the period, except for recording of unrealised gain based on market value.
- 7.2 This represents placement in a five year Pakistan Investment Bond (PIB) held with the State Bank of Pakistan as statutory deposit in accordance with the requirements of clause (a) of sub section 2 of section 29 of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000. The Pakistan Investment Bond has a face value of Rs 50 million and market value of Rs 49.26 million as at September 30, 2025 (December 31, 2024: Rs 49.44 million). This will be released once the outstanding claims and balances relating to insurance business are settled. The PIB carry a yield at 12.43% (December 31, 2024: 19.25%) per annum payable at six months interval. The PIB will mature on November 14, 2029.

			(Un-audited) September 30, 2025 (Rupees	(Audited) December 31, 2024 in '000)
8.	SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS			
	Investments carried at amortised cost Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss	8.1 8.2	3,000 1,599,010 1,602,010	52,606 1,367,971 1,420,577
8.1	Investments carried at amortised cost			
	Deposit maturing within one month Pakistan Investment Bond	8.1.1 7.2	3,000	3,000 49,606 52,606

^{8.1.1} This 'Term Deposit Receipt' carry mark-up at 9% per annum (December 31, 2024: 9% per annum) and is due to mature on October 8, 2025 (December 31, 2024: January 15, 2025). This has been pledged against guarantee issued by a bank amounting to Rs 2.8 million.

FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025 (UN-AUDITED)

			Marke	et Value
8.2	Investment carried at fair value through profit or loss	Note	(Un-audited) September 30, 2025 (Rupee:	(Audited) December 31, 2024 s in '000)
	Quoted shares Mutual funds units	8.2.1 8.2.2	1,596,636 2,374 1,599,010	1,348,291 19,680 1,367,971

8.2.1 0.2 million shares of United Bank Limited having market value of Rs. 77.21 million as at September 30, 2025 have been pledged as collateral in favor of National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited against exposure margins and mark to market losses.

8.2.2 Open-ended mutual funds units

Name of fund	Note	Number (of Units	Carrying Value	Marke	t Value
		30-Sep-25	31-Dec-24	30-Sep-25	30-Sep-25	31-Dec-24
			(Rup	ees in '000)		
NBP Government Securities Liquid Fund MCB Cash Management Optimizer	8.2.2.1	224,846 -	224,846 154,103	2,524 -	2,374 -	2,524 17,156
				2,524	2,374	19,680
Market Value as at September 30, 2025				2,374		
Unrealised loss on mutual funds units				(150)		

8.2.2.1 223,873 units (December 31, 2024: 223,873 units) of NBP Government Liquid Fund having a market value of Rs. 2.36 million (December 31, 2024: Rs. 2.51 million) have been kept under pledge with National Bank of Pakistan.

9. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no significant changes in the status of contingencies and commitments as disclosed in note 24.2 to the financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024, except as disclosed in note 11.1 to these condensed interim financial statements.

			(Un-aud	dited)	
		Quarter	Ended	Nine Months Pe	riod Ended
		September 30,	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,
		2025	2024	2025	2024
			(Rupees i	in '000)	
10.	RETURN ON INVESTMENTS				
	Amortisation on Government Securities	417	944	2,460	2,665
	Interest Income on Government Securities	1,576	1,255	4,068	3,750
	Dividend income	19,440	23,488	77,530	76,751
	Profit on term deposit receipt	70	135_	195	400
		21,503	25,822	84,253	83,566

FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025 (UN-AUDITED)

			(Un-au	dited)	
		Quarter E	nded	Nine Months Peri	od Ended
		2025	September 30, 2024	September 30, S 2025	September 30, 2024
11.	LEVY AND TAXATION		(Rupees	in '000)	
	Laver		0.400		
	Levy	2,916	3,492	11,630	11,513
	Income tax				
	- Current tax	1,004	(593)	3,063	2,293
	- Deferred tax	45,382	5,667	86,923	10,801
		46,386	5,074	89,986	13,094
	stay order against the recovery of the tax deman				ad obtained a
	stay order against the recovery of the tax deman Subsequently, the High Court of Sindh, vide its o with the direction to decide the matter afresh at heard to the parties.	rder dated March 2 nd to pass a reaso	ned order after	providing an opport	ck to the ATIR unity of being
	Subsequently, the High Court of Sindh, vide its o with the direction to decide the matter afresh at	rder dated March 2 nd to pass a reaso	ned order after	providing an opport	ck to the ATIR unity of being
	Subsequently, the High Court of Sindh, vide its o with the direction to decide the matter afresh at	rder dated March 2 nd to pass a reaso Quarter E September 30, 3 2025	ned order after (Un-auc nded September 30, 2024	dited) Nine Months Perion September 30, S 2025	ck to the ATIR runity of being od Ended September 30, 2024
12	Subsequently, the High Court of Sindh, vide its o with the direction to decide the matter afresh at heard to the parties.	rder dated March 2 nd to pass a reaso Quarter E September 30, 8 2025	ned order after (Un-auc nded September 30, 2024	providing an opport dited) Nine Months Peri September 30, S	ck to the ATIR runity of being od Ended September 30, 2024
12.	Subsequently, the High Court of Sindh, vide its o with the direction to decide the matter afresh at heard to the parties. EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTE	rder dated March 2 nd to pass a reaso Quarter E September 30, 8 2025	ned order after (Un-auc) (Inded September 30, 2024	providing an opport dited) Nine Months Perio September 30, S 2025 in '000)	ck to the ATIR runity of being od Ended September 30, 2024
12.	Subsequently, the High Court of Sindh, vide its o with the direction to decide the matter afresh at heard to the parties.	rder dated March 2 nd to pass a reaso Quarter E September 30, 8 2025	ned order after (Un-auc nded September 30, 2024	dited) Nine Months Perion September 30, S 2025	ck to the ATIR runity of being od Ended September 30, 2024
12.	Subsequently, the High Court of Sindh, vide its o with the direction to decide the matter afresh at heard to the parties. EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTE	rder dated March 2 nd to pass a reaso Quarter E September 30, S 2025 D 370,306	ned order after Inded September 30, 2024 Indees Indees	providing an opport dited) Nine Months Perio September 30, S 2025 in '000)	ck to the ATIR runity of being od Ended September 30, 2024
12.	Subsequently, the High Court of Sindh, vide its o with the direction to decide the matter afresh at heard to the parties. EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTE Profit after taxation Weighted average number of ordinary shares	Quarter E September 30, S 2025 370,306	ned order after (Un-audinded September 30, 2024 (Rupees 44,026 (Number of	Display Disp	ck to the ATIR runity of being od Ended September 30, 2024
12.	Subsequently, the High Court of Sindh, vide its o with the direction to decide the matter afresh at heard to the parties. EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTE Profit after taxation	rder dated March 2 nd to pass a reaso Quarter E September 30, S 2025 D 370,306	ned order after Inded September 30, 2024 Indees Indees	providing an opport dited) Nine Months Peri September 30, S 2025 in '000) 507,605	ck to the ATIR runity of being od Ended September 30, 2024
112.	Subsequently, the High Court of Sindh, vide its o with the direction to decide the matter afresh at heard to the parties. EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTE Profit after taxation Weighted average number of ordinary shares	Quarter E Quarter E September 30, S 2025 D 370,306 61,559,108	ned order after (Un-audinded September 30, 2024 (Rupees 44,026 (Number of 1,559,108	Display Disp	ck to the ATIR runity of being od Ended September 30, 2024 205,864

There are no dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding as at September 30, 2025 and 2024.

13. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties comprise companies with common directors, group companies, staff retirement fund, directors and key management personnel. Transactions with related parties are entered into at rates negotiated with them. Remuneration to key management personnel are in accordance with their terms of employment. Transactions with related parties other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these condensed interim financial statements are as follows:

FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025 (UN-AUDITED)

13.1 The transactions entered into during the period were as follows:

Dovont company	(Un-audited) September 30, 2025 (Rupees	September 30, December 31,	
Parent company Dividend paid	199,146	159,316	
Associated companies Expenses against shared services Reimbursement of other expenses Dividend income Dividend paid Cost charged for services rendered	3,613 904 14,825 6,984 468	4,249 504 8,895 5,587 2,667	
Other related parties Dividend paid Contribution to staff retirement gratuity fund Contribution to staff provident fund	45,525 61 110	39,317 279 481	
Key management personnel Directors' fee Remuneration Dividend paid	650 5,469 9	600 8,124 16	

14. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying value and the fair value estimates.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Company is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

The estimated fair value of all financial assets and liabilities is considered not significantly different from carrying value as the items are short-term in nature or periodically repriced.

As per the requirements of IFRS 13, the Company classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3: Inputs for assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025 (UN-AUDITED)

Investment carried at fair value are categorized as follows:

	AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2025				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
		(Rupees in	n '000)		
ASSETS					
Investment in securities - financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Quoted shares - Open-ended mutual funds units	1,596,636 -	- 2,374	- -	1,596,636 2,374	
Investment in securities - financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - Quoted shares	925,525	-	-	925,525	
		As at Decem	ber 31, 2024		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
		Level 2	Level 3	Total	
ASSETS	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
ASSETS Investment in securities - financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Quoted shares - Open-ended mutual funds units	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3 n '000)	Total	

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on October 28, 2025 declared an interim cash dividend of Rs Nil per share (September 30, 2024: Rs Nil per share) amounting to Rs Nil for the year ending December 31, 2025. These condensed interim financial statements do not recognise this interim dividend as deduction from unappropriated profit has been declared subsequent to the reporting date.

16. **GENERAL**

- 16.1 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand Pakistan Rupees unless otherwise stated.
- **16.2** These condensed interim financial statements have been authorised for issue on October 28, 2025 by the Board of Directors of the Company.



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